

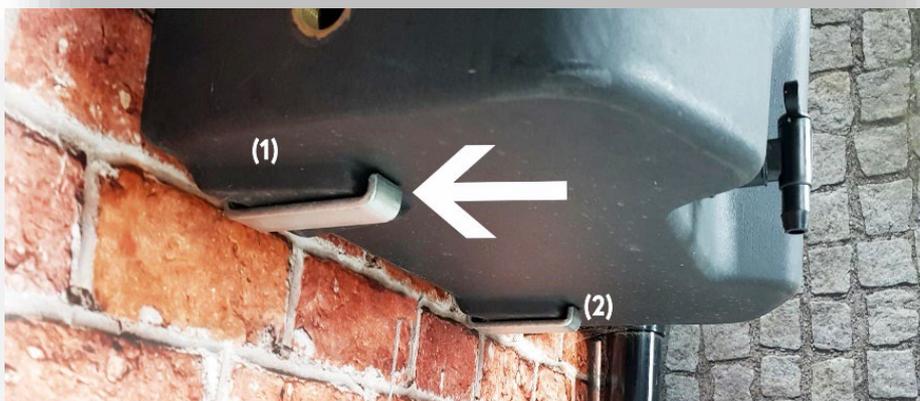
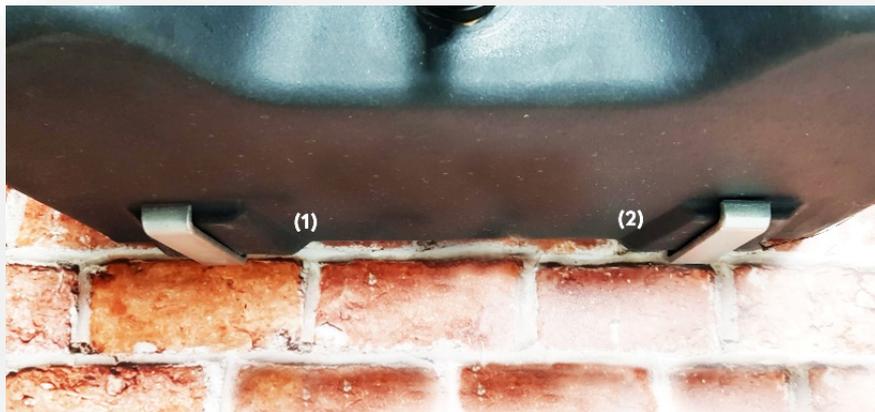
Step 4

7 GLDWR WEDFFDWGLGLJDLJTDLWDFFDWDG GL(DF
RRGECS WWSDWLFSDJG ILWEDFW WRWD2 W F
DGS JSRLGGIRDR
SRWDW 7 R IR W F RG EGLG LWRW ELF L W D RWLWRWRWD
EW W ELF



Step 5

3DFWDW EWWRWEDFW DLJ W WRRJSRWLR R WERWWR RI WDW EWWILW
JR WRW EDF W SLFWERIRF 7W EDFWDG RJSRWLR
DEG RW ERWWRRIWDW EWWRFWDWEWWIDWWRWDIRDWEWW GR RW
ILWRWRWEDFWDS WSLFWRDGGWRDDGIL WEDFWLWIWDSDW
R FR GSGLJR W LWWDWEWWLWFRFWRWEDFWILWDWEWW
LWLFRIDWEIRDLJWDDWWWR SIRWRWRWDWF



Step 6

Mark the wall through the 3 holes at the top of the water butt, drill with the 8 mm masonry bit, 60 mm deep. Then insert the rawl plugs provided into the drilled holes.



Step 7

Using the screws and washers provided, fix the Terracottage to the wall. Cover the screws with silicone sealant to stop water leaking on to the wall (not supplied). These screws and washers are to ensure the water butt is stabilised and is held flat against the wall, not to take weight of the water butt and water.



Step 8

Fit tap into any of the three holes near the bottom of the Terracottage - we advise you should base this on ease and accessibility. These holes are reinforced by a threaded brass inlet, also known as a brass bush. Plug other holes with the yellow blanking plugs provided.

Step 9

When fitting the yellow plugs, screw in until finger tight. Fill the water butt with water to just above the position of the yellow plug, if water leaks from around the yellow plug carefully tighten a little more until the leak stops.

Check for leaks around the plugs when the Terracottage starts to fill with rainwater and try tightening a little more if water seeps. If you can't stop the leak, drain down the water butt, remove the plug and examine for damage. If there is plastic on the face of the brass bush, clean off with a Stanley knife and refit the yellow plastic plug and repeat the procedure above.



Step 10

Get a watering can, bucket or similar as you are now ready to start harvesting some water!

Notes for installation

- There is a wide selection of drill bits on the market. Some 8 mm holes are a bit tight and some a bit loose. The rawl plugs should be hard to push in. Too loose they won't do the job; too tight you will not be able to screw the bolt all the way in. If you screw the bolt in as far as the end of the screw thread and it will not go any further the hole is too small. Excessive force on the bolt it will snap, and you will have to start again.
- It is important that the brackets are fitted the right way up. The upturned lip on the end of the bracket hooks onto the bottom of the water butt to stop it pulling away from the wall. If the wall is not quite square and the lip doesn't quite catch the lugs on the bottom of the water butt just tap the bracket until it locks into place.
- When fitting the diverter inlet to your water butt there is no location guide on the side of the water butt. This can be placed anywhere 10-15 mm below the lip the lid sits on and should be installed as per the supplier instructions.
- The screws at the top of the water butt need to be covered in silicone to stop water running down the wall, the inside of the butt by the screw holes has been roughed up so the silicone adheres properly.
- It is the consumer's responsibility to determine, if the wall has adequate strength to support the water butt when full of water. The total weight when full and to be supported is a 170kgs.
- **Important: You must use only the items we have provided in your delivery (illustrated in our contents pack in step 1). Failure to comply will result in your warranty becoming invalid.**

Any queries contact us at 01462 429 765 or email cs@gm8group.com

Opening times: Monday - Friday 9am-5:30pm

Revised 22nd July 2020